

GOVERNING DOCUMENTS ENFORCEMENT AND FINE POLICY
for
DOUBLE R RANCH OWNERS' ASSOCIATION, INC.

THE STATE OF TEXAS §
 §
COUNTY OF BANDERA §

I, RONALD BRADY, President of Double R Ranch Owners' Association, Inc. (the "Association"), certify that at a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Association (the "Board") duly called and held on the 14th day of January, 2021, with at least a quorum of the Board members being present and remaining throughout, and being duly authorized to transact business, the following Governing Documents Enforcement and Fine Policy ("Policy") was approved by not less than a majority of the Board members in attendance.

RECITALS:

1. Article IX, Section 1 of the Bylaws authorizes the Association, through its Board of Directors, to levy fines for violations of the Declaration, all rules and regulations of the Association and all other "dedicatory instruments" of the Association as that term is defined by Texas Property Code Section 202.001(1) or any successor statute and adopt and amend a fining policy.
2. Section 209.006 of the Texas Property Code sets forth notice requirements prior to the commencement of enforcement action, including the imposition of fines.
3. The Board of Directors desires to adopt a policy relating to the enforcement of the Declaration and the other Governing Documents of the Association consistent with Section 209.006 of the Texas Property Code.
4. This Policy supersedes and replaces any previously recorded fine and enforcement policy.

WITNESSETH:

It is the policy of the Association to enforce its Governing Documents (as defined herein) as provided below.

Section 1. Definitions.

Capitalized terms used in this Policy have the following meanings:

- 1.1. **Declaration** - Declaration of Covenants and Restrictions (Unit 1), recorded in the Official Public Records of Real Property of Bandera County, Texas under Volume 152, Pages 588-599; Declaration of Covenants and Restrictions (Units 2 and 3), recorded in the Official Public Records of Real Property of Bandera County, Texas under Volume 164, Pages 507-533; and Declaration of Covenants and Restrictions (Units 4, 5, 6 and 7), recorded in the Official Public Records of Real Property of

Bandera County, Texas under Volume 178, Pages 219-244, as amended and supplemented (collectively, the "Declaration").

- 1.2. **Bylaws** - Double R Ranch Owners' Association, Inc. Bylaws, recorded in the Official Public Records of Real Property of Bandera County, Texas under Volume 1156, Pages 121-131.
- 1.3. **Governing Documents** - Each document governing the establishment, maintenance or operation of the properties within the Community, as more particularly defined in Section 202.001(1) of the Texas Property Code.

Other capitalized terms used in this Policy, but not defined herein, have the same meanings as that ascribed to them in the Declaration.

Section 2. Types of Violations. Section 209.006 of the Texas Property Code refers to curable violations, uncurable violations, and violations which are considered a threat to public health or safety. The types of violations are addressed below.

2.1. **Curable Violations** - By way of example and not in limitation, the Texas Property Code lists the following as examples of curable violations:

- a. a parking violation;
- b. a maintenance violation;
- c. the failure to construct improvements or modifications in accordance with approved plans and specifications;
- d. trash can and recreational equipment restriction violations; and
- e. an ongoing noise violation such as a barking dog.

2.2. **Uncurable Violation** - A violation that has occurred but is not a continuous action or a condition capable of being remedied by affirmative action. By way of example and not in limitation, the Texas Property Code lists the following as examples of uncurable violations:

- a. an act constituting a threat to health or safety;
- b. discharging fireworks;
- c. a noise violation that is not ongoing; and
- d. holding a garage sale or other event prohibited by the Governing Documents.

2.3. **Violation that is a Threat to Public Health or Safety** - Per the Texas Property Code, a violation that could materially affect the physical health or safety of an ordinary resident.

As provided in this Policy, there are two (2) enforcement procedures to be followed depending upon whether the violation is curable *and* does not pose a threat to public health or safety or whether the violation is uncurable *and/or* poses a threat to public health or safety. If there is

reasonable uncertainty as to whether a violation is curable or incurable or a threat to public health or safety, the Board has the authority to make the determination and, therefore, to decide which enforcement procedure will be followed. Provided that, this Policy will not be construed to impose an obligation on the Board to pursue enforcement action with respect to a violation or alleged violation if the Board, in its reasonable good faith judgment, decides that enforcement action is not warranted or necessary.

Section 3. Enforcement – Curable Violations That Do Not Pose a Threat to Public Health or Safety. If a violation is curable and does not pose a threat to public health or safety, the Owner will be given a reasonable period to cure the violation, as provided below. The time period given to an Owner may vary depending upon the violation and the difficulty involved or the effort required to cure the violation. The Board of Directors may, but is not obligated to, consider any special circumstance relating to the violation and the cost to cure the violation. The enforcement procedure for this type of violation is as follows:

3.1. **Courtesy Letter (Optional)** – Upon verification of a violation, a courtesy letter may be sent to the Owner describing the violation and requesting that the Owner cure the violation within a stated time period. The Association is not required to send a courtesy letter.

3.2. **Violation Letter (Optional)** – After the expiration of the time set forth in the courtesy letter, if a courtesy letter is sent, or as the initial notice, a violation letter may be sent to the Owner. Depending on the severity of the violation and/or the history of prior violations on the Owner’s Lot, the violation letter may be the first letter sent to the Owner. The Association is not required to send a violation letter. If sent, the violation letter will include:

- a. a description of the violation;
- b. the action required to correct the violation;
- c. the time by which the violation must be corrected; and
- d. notice that if the violation is not corrected within the time provided or if there is a subsequent violation of the same restriction, a fine may be imposed or other enforcement action may be initiated.

3.3. **Demand Letter** – Either upon initial verification of a violation, or after the expiration of the time period stated in the courtesy letter and/or violation letter, if sent, a demand letter may be sent to the Owner. The demand letter must be sent by certified mail or by any method of mailing for which evidence of mailing is provided by the United States Postal Service or a common carrier. The demand letter must be sent to the Owner’s last known address as shown in the records of the Association, as well as by any other method that the Board determines will cause the demand letter to be received by the Owner. Depending on the severity of the violation and/or the history of prior violations on the Owner’s Lot, the demand letter may be the first letter sent (rather than a courtesy letter and/or a violation letter), as determined by the Board in its sole discretion.

3.4. **Content of the Demand Letter** – The demand letter will include the

following:

- a. a description of the violation that is the basis for the enforcement action, suspension action, charge, or fine and any amount due the Association;
- b. notice that the Owner is entitled to a reasonable period to cure the violation and avoid the enforcement action, suspension, charge or fine;
- c. a specific date, which must be a reasonable period given the nature of the violation, by which the Owner must cure the violation. If the Owner cures the violation before the date specified, a fine may not be assessed for the violation;
- d. a notice that the Owner may request a hearing before the Board of Directors, such request to be made in writing on or before the 30th day after the date the notice was mailed to the Owner; and
- e. notice that the Owner may have special rights or relief related to the enforcement action under federal law, including the Servicemembers Civil Relief Act (50 U.S.C. App. Section 501 *et seq.*), if the Owner is serving on active military duty.

3.5. **Hearing Requested** – If a hearing is properly requested by the Owner, the hearing will be held not later than the 30th day after the date the Association receives the Owner’s written request for a hearing. Notification of the date, time and place of the hearing will be sent not later than the 10th day before the hearing. If a postponement of the hearing is requested by either the Association or the Owner, a postponement must be granted for a period of not more than ten (10) days. Any additional postponement may be granted by agreement of the parties.

3.6. **Hearing Not Requested** – If a hearing is not properly requested by the Owner, the violation must be cured within the time frame set forth in the demand letter. Fines, suspension of the right to use the Common Areas, and other remedies available to the Association may be implemented after the expiration of the thirty (30) day time frame provided to the Owner to request a hearing.

3.7. **Remedies** – The Owner is liable for, and the Association may collect reimbursement of, reasonable attorney’s fees and other reasonable costs incurred by the Association after the conclusion of a hearing, or, if a hearing is not requested, after the date by which the Owner must request a hearing. Additionally, the Association may, but is not obligated to, exercise any self-help remedies set forth in the Declaration. Further, the right to use the Common Area and Facilities may be suspended.

In addition to charging fines, as provided in Section 6, the Association reserves the right under the Governing Documents and under Texas law to file a suit for the recovery of damages and/or injunctive relief.

A notice of violation may also be recorded in the real property records if the violation is not cured within the specified time frame.

Section 4. Enforcement - Uncurable Violations and/or Violations that Pose a Threat to Public Health or Safety. Upon initial verification of an uncurable violation and/or threat to public health or safety, a demand letter may be sent to the Owner. The demand letter must be sent by certified mail or by any method of mailing for which evidence of mailing is provided by the United States Postal Service or a common carrier. The demand letter must be sent to the Owner's last known address as shown in the Association's records, as well as by any other method that the Board determines will cause the demand letter to be received by the Owner.

4.1. **Content of the Demand Letter** - The demand letter will include the following:

- a. a description of the violation that is the basis for the enforcement action, suspension action, charge, or fine and any amount due the Association;
- b. notice that the Owner may request a hearing before the Board of Directors, such request to be made in writing on or before the 30th day after the date the notice was mailed to the Owner; and
- c. notice that Owner may have special rights or relief related to the enforcement action under federal law, including the Servicemembers Civil Relief Act (50 U.S.C. App. Section 501 et seq.), if the Owner is serving on active military duty.

4.2. **Hearing Requested** - If a hearing is properly requested by the Owner, the hearing must be held not later than the 30th day after the date the Association receives the Owner's written request for a hearing. Notification of the date, time and place of the hearing will be sent not later than the 10th day before the hearing. If a postponement of the hearing is requested by either the Association or the Owner, a postponement must be granted for a period of not more than ten (10) days. Any additional postponement may be granted by agreement of the parties.

4.3. **Remedies** - Regardless of whether the Owner requests a hearing, fines, suspension of the right to use the Common Areas, and other remedies available to the Association may be implemented after mailing the demand letter. The Owner is liable for, and the Association may collect reimbursement of, reasonable attorneys' fees and other reasonable costs incurred by the Association. Additionally, the Association may, but is not obligated to, exercise any self-help remedies set forth in the Declaration. Further, the right to use the Common Areas may be suspended.

In addition to charging fines, the Association reserves the right under the Governing Documents and under Texas law, to file a suit for the recovery of damages and/or injunctive relief.

A notice of violation may also be recorded in the real property records should the violation not be cured within the specified time frame.

Section 5. Subsequent Violation. If an Owner has been given notice in accordance with Section 3 or Section 4 of this Policy in the preceding six (6) month period, notice is not required for the recurrence of the same or a similar violation. The Association may impose fines or suspend the Owner's right to use the Common Areas without first sending another demand for compliance.

Section 6. Fines. Subject to the notice provisions set forth in Section 209.006 of the Texas Property Code, as applicable, and the Declaration, the Association may impose reasonable monetary fines against an Owner in accordance with the below schedule.

Failure by an Owner to timely cure violation(s) of the Governing Documents shall result in the assessment of daily fines which shall accrue as of the date provided in the 1st Demand Letter as provided below.

Daily fines shall accrue until such time as the noticed violation(s) of the Governing Documents are cured. Each Owner who is assessed fines for continuing violation(s) of the Governing Documents shall be obligated to provide satisfactory evidence to the Association that all violations have been cured. The evidence provided by the Owner to the Association may include verifiable photographic evidence of the cured violation(s).

In addition to the assessment of daily fines for violations of the Governing Documents which are not timely cured, the Board may refer such violations to an attorney for legal pursuit which may include all applicable legal remedies available.

Notice	Fine Amount
Courtesy Letter (if sent)	None
Violation Letter (if sent)	None
1 st Notice of Fine Letter (Demand Letter)	\$25.00/day
2 nd Notice of Fine Letter	\$50.00/day
Subsequent Notice of Fine Letters	\$100.00/day
Fine Letter for Uncurable Violations	\$250.00 minimum

Any fine levied by the Association is the personal obligation of the Owner. The Board of Directors of the Association may adopt and modify from time to time a schedule of fines for various types of violations.

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I hereby certify that I am the duly elected and acting President of the Association and that this Policy was approved by not less than a majority vote of the Board of Directors as set forth above and now appears in the books and records of the Association, to be effective upon recording in the Official Public Records of Real Property of Bandera County, Texas.

TO CERTIFY which witness my hand this 14 day of JANUARY, 2021.

DOUBLE R RANCH OWNERS' ASSOCIATION, INC.

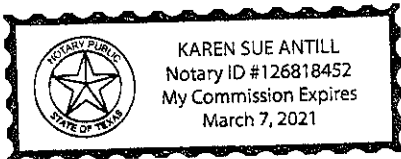
By: Ronald Beales

Printed: RONALD BEALES

Its: President

THE STATE OF TEXAS §
 §
COUNTY OF BANDERA §

BEFORE ME, the undersigned notary public, on this 14 day of January, 2021, personally appeared Ronald Beales, President of Double R Ranch Owners' Association, Inc., known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged to me that s/he executed the same for the purpose and in the capacity therein expressed.



Karen Sue Antill
Notary Public in and for the State of Texas

Hand Delivered To:
Chris w/DRROA

Tandie Hansfield, County Clerk
Bandera County

Jan 15, 2021

Any provision herein which restricts the sale, rental or use of the described real property because of color or race is invalid and unenforceable under Federal Law.
STATE OF TEXAS
COUNTY OF BANDERA
I hereby certify that this instrument was filed on the date and time stamped hereon by me and was duly recorded in the volume and page of the official records of Bandera County as stamped hereon by me.

Filed for Record in:
Bandera County
On: Jan 15, 2021 at 12:57P
As a
Recording
Document Number: 00241685
Amount: 50.00
Receipt Number - 154089
By:
Teri Horan